

	of the company "R		AG" in
	m-heavy brown eartl	ו)	
Cultural data:			
Crop			
Celery variety:	Alicia F1 (Bejo)		
Field preparation			
Soil tillage:	company usual	Basic fertilization:	none
Crop management			
Date of plantation	CW 19	Plantation distance	40 x 60 cm
Irrigation	as needed	Weeds management	company usual
Date of harvest	19.9.2017		

Approach: fertilization treatments	Approach: characterization of the liquid digestate					
> A basic need of180 kg N/ha for knob celery was assumed.						
	Dry matter DM	% FM	9.6	Spezifisches Gewicht	kg/l	1.0
> Liquid digestate from an industrial anaerobic fermentation plant	loss on ignition 500°C (OM)	% DM	53.5	Kohlenstoff Corg	gikg DM	310.1
(type Kompogas) from SwissFarmerPower Inwil AG (filtrate from	pH value		8.1	C/N-Verhältnis		5.7
swing sieve 0,166 mm).	Net (according to Kjeldahl)	g/kg DM	54.3	Gesamt-N (acc. to Kjeldahl)	kg/m ³	5.2
	NHe-N	g/kg DM	23.2	NHa-N	kg/m ³	2.2
	NO ₃ -N	g/kg DM	0.05	NO ₂ -N	kg/m ³	0.005
Reference fertilization:	New	g/kg DM	23.2	Nmin	kg/m ³	2.2
	P ₂ O ₅	g/kg DM	24.1	P2O5	kg/m ³	2.3
Feather meal (12 N _{tot} % bzw. 8.4 % N _{avail} , "Biorga Stickstoffdünger,	K₂O	g/kg DM	43.4	K _i O	kg/m ⁿ	4.2
Hauert)	Calcium	g/kg DM	29.0	Calcium	kg/m ³	2.8
	Magnesium	g/kg DM	8.0	Magnesium	kg/m ³	0.8
> chicken manure (3.5% N, 4% P ₂ O ₅ , 2% K ₂ O, Vivasol)	Sulfur	g/kg DM	4.4	Sulfur	kg/m ³	0.4
> Patentkali (30% K ₂ O und 6% Mg)	¹ Analytik: Ibu, Labor für Bod	en- und Umwelt	analytik, Eric	Schweizer AG, Postfach 150, CH-360	02 Thun	
Image: state in organic cultivation of vegetables.jl, 16.092018	FIBL www.fibl.	org		Liquid digestate in organic cultivation	n of vegetables,	jf, 16.09.201

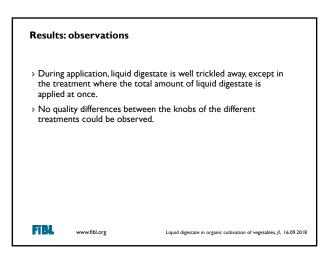
		ions à 144	4 m ² each			
	•	10115 a 17,-	TIII EaCII			
Treatments	:					
Treatments	1# fertilization		2 nd fertilization		3 rd fertilization	
	18.05.2017		09.06.2017		02.07.2014	
	per ha	per repetition	per ha	per repetition	per ha	per repetition
Treatment 1			58 m ³	84 liters	-	
Treatment 2	29 m ³	42 liters	29 m ³	42 liters		
Treatment 3	19,3 m ³	28 liters	19,3 m ³	28 liters	19,3 m ³	28 liters
Treatment 4	C ^[1] : 1750 kg	C ⁽¹⁾ : 2,52 kg	B ⁽¹⁾ : 1414 kg	B ⁽¹⁾ : 2,04 kg	-	
Treatment 4						
Freatment 4	P(1): 883 kg	P ⁽¹⁾ : 1,17 kg				

Approach: sampling

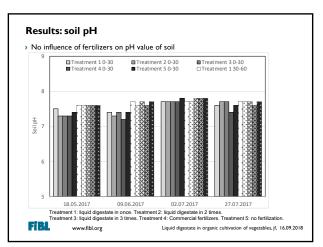
Soil sampling and application of liquid digestate

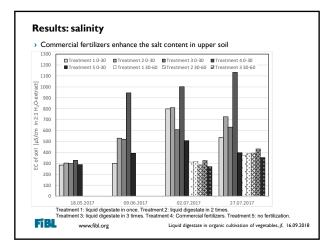


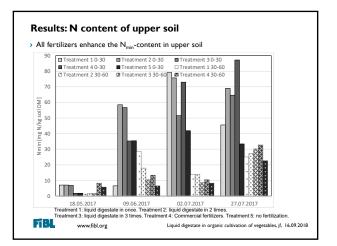


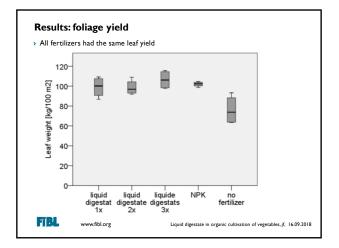


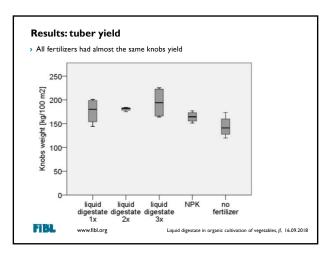


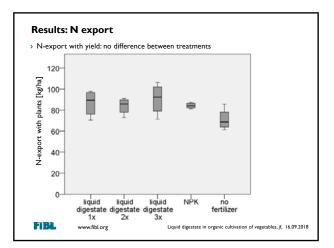


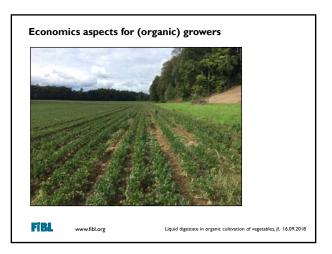


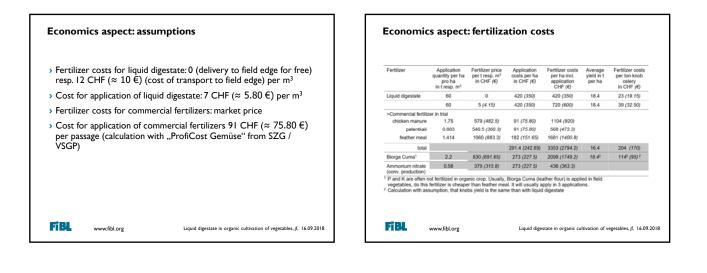


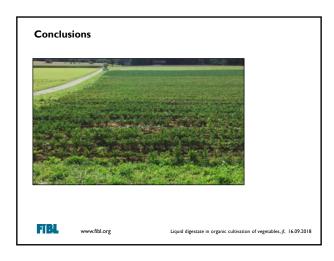












Conclusions

- > The tuber yield with liquid digestate was at least as good as with organic commercial fertilizers.
- The composition of nutrients in liquid digestate corresponded relatively well to the need of the crop, whereby the phosphor amount was slightly elevated (important, because it could be a limiting factor with Suisse Bilan).
- > From a financial point of view, fertilization with liquid digestate is clearly advantageous than organic commercial fertilizers (even when the higher costs for application of liquid digestate are considered).
- > No negative impact of liquid digestate on soil or plants could be observed.
- Recommendation: if fertilization only with liquid digestate, at least two applications should be made (max. approx. 30 m³ per ha and application). Otherwise, infiltration of the liquid digestate could occur.

Www.fibl.org Liquid digestate in organic cultivation of vegetables, jf, 16.09.2018

